

Multiplying Matrices

- Can only multiply matrices when the column in the first is equal to the row of the second

$$\begin{bmatrix} & \\ & \\ & \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} & & \\ & & \end{bmatrix}$$

3×2 2×3

- If possible, the answer matrix will have the "outside" dimensions

$$3 \times 3$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ -3 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \quad B = \quad \quad C =$$

$$\text{Ex) } A \cdot B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 9 \\ -3 & 3 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ -2 & 7 \\ 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 + -8 + 54 & 0 + 28 + 0 \\ -15 + -6 + 12 & -3 + 21 + 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

2×3 3×2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 46 & 28 \\ -9 & 18 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Ex) } B \cdot C = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 1 \\ -2 & 7 \\ 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 11 & -1 \\ 12 & 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 55 + 12 & -5 + 10 \\ -22 + 84 & 2 + 70 \\ 66 + 0 & -6 + 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

3×2 2×2

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 67 & 5 \\ 62 & 72 \\ 66 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$